# COVERS THE WHOLE CASE

Encyclical of the Pope Concerning the American Educational Questions.

### BATOLLI'S UTTERANCES FULLY ENDORSED

Remarks of the Delegate Heretofore Made Public Taken as the Basis of the Pontill's Letter-Rishop Bonacum's Case Finally Submitted.

The official translation of the pope's en cyclical letter to archbishops and bishops in the United States on the noted educational controversy declares the solicitude of the pope for the welfare of the American church, says a dispatch sent from Baltimore yesterday. In evidence of this His Highness sent Mgr. Satolli to act first as his representative the dedication of the World's fair last October; then to become his personal representative with the church in the United States to draw the faithful therein closer to the head of the church. Satolli was especially charged to try to heal dissentions on the school question. To this end the archbishops convened in New York last November. The doings of that convention were approved by Satolli as wise and prudent, and the pope in his encylical confirms them. This included a rescript by Satolli himself and a portion this document was made public, resulting in renewed contention in the publie press, growing more serious and widespread, and certain prelates began appealing to the sovereign pontiff. With a view to the supreme object of the church, the saivation of souls, the pope asked all prelates to write to him privately on the subject. Some were fully satisfied, some felt the disciplinary law concerning schools en-acted by the council in Baltimore had been partly abrogated by Satolli. The pope finds this last fear totally ungrounded; that Satolli's statement expressly upholds the Baltimore law that Catholic schools are to be most sedulously promoted, leaving it to the conscience and judgment of the ordinary to decide according to circumstances when it is lawful and unlawful to attend the public schools. While the public schools are not to be condemned entitled at the condemned entitle at the condem tirely, still every endeavor should be made to multiply and advance the Catholic schools.

### welfare of the nation. What the Pope Has Endorsed.

The pope declares that in order to prevent a chance for dissension the decrees of the Baltimore council shall be steadfastly ob-

served. The letter closes with an exhorta-tion to put away all dissension and work to-gether, both for the saving of souls and the

To understand fully the force and meaning of this communication it is necessary to read with it the chief parts of Mgr. Satolli's address at the meeting of archbishops in New York last fall. The gist of his proposals are found in the following excerpts posals are found in the following excerpts from that address:

from that address:

To the Catholic church belongs the duty and divine right of teaching all nations the truth of the gospel and to observe whatsoever Christ commanded; (Matt. xxviii., 19.) In her likewise is invested the divine right of instructing the young so far as their's is the kingdom of heaven. (Mark x. 14; council of Baltimore, B. L. Ili., No. 114.) that is to say she has the right to teach the truths of faith and the laws of morals in order to bring up youth in the habits of Christian life. Hence, absolutely and universally speaking, there is no repugnance in learning the first elements and the higher branches of arts and the natural sciences of public schools controlled by the state, whose office is to provide, maintain and protect everything by which its citizens are formed to moral goodness while they

natural sciences of public schools controlled by the state, whose office is to provide, maintain and protect overything by which its citizens are formed to moral goodness while they dwell beaceably together with a sufficiency of temporal goods under the law promulgated by civil authority.

The Catholic church in general, and especially the Holy Sec, far from condemning or treating with indifference the, public schools, desires rather that, by the joint action of civil and ecclesiastical authorities, there should be public schools in every state, according as the circumstances of the people require, for the cultivation of the useful arts and natural sciences; but the Catholic church shrinks from those features of public schools which are opposed to the truths of Christianity and to morality; and since, in the interest of society itself, these objectionable features are removable, therefore, not only the bishops, but the citizens at large should labor to remove them, in virtue of their own right and the cause of morality.

It is left to the judgment and the wisdom of the ordinaries to decide whether, in a certain part of their respective dioceses, a parochial school can be built and kept up in a fitting condition not inferior to the public schools, taking into consideration the temporal condition of the parents, while graver needs for procuring their spiritual welfare and the decent support of the church are pressing. It will be well, therefore, as was the wont of our forefathers, and as was done in the early days of the church, to establish weekly classes of

cent support of the church are pressing. It will be well, therefore, as was the wont of our forefathers, and as was done in the early days of the church, to establish weekly classes of catechism, which all the children of the partish should attend. For the better success of this measure let the zeal of pastors in fulfilling their duty and the love of Catholic parents leave no effort unspared.

No reproach, either in public or in private, shall be cast upon Catholic parents who send their children to private schools or to academies, where a better education is given under the direction of religious, or of approved and Catholic persons. If they make sufficient provision for the religious training of their children let them be free to secure in other ways that education which the position of their family requires.

\*\* \*\* Must Not Be Neglected.

# Must Not Be Neglected.

As for those Catholic children that in great numbers are educated in the public schools, where now, not without danger, they reserve now religious instruction at all, strenuous efforts should be made not to leave them without sufficient and seasonable instruction in Catholic faith and practice. We know by experience that not all our Catholic children are found in our Catholic schools. Statistics show that hundreds of thousands of Catholic children in the United States of America attend schools which are under the control of state boards, and in which, for that reason, teachers of every denomination are engaged. Beyond all doubt the one thing necessary, religious and moral education according to Catholic principles, is not to be treated either lightly or with delay, but on the contrary with all carnestness and energy.

The adoution of one of three plans is recom-

delay, but on the contrary with all earnestness and energy.

The adoption of one of three plans is recommended, the choice to be made according to local circue-stances in the different states and various personal relations.

The first consists in an agreement between the bishop and the members of the school board whereby they, in a spirit of fairness and good will, allow the Catholic children to be assembled during free time and taught the catechism it would also be of the greatest advantage if this plan were not confined to the primary schools, but were extended likewise to the High schools and colleges, in the form of a free lecture.

of a free lecture.

The second: To have a catechism class outside the public school building and also classes of higher Christian doctrine, where, at fixed limes the Catholic children would assemble with diligence and pleasure, induced thereto by the authority of their parents, the persuasion of their pastors, and the hope of praiso and rewards.

## Duty of the Pastor.

Duty of the Pastor.

The third pian does not seem at first sight so suitable, but is bound up more intimately with the duty of both parents and pastors. Pastors should unceasingly urge upon parents that most important duty, imposed both by natural and divine law, of bringing up their children in sound morality and Catholic faith. Resides the instruction of children appertains to the very essence of the pastoral charge. Let the pastor of souls say to them with the apostles: "My little children, of whom I am in labor again until Christ be formed in you." Let him have classes of children in the parish such as have been established in Rome and many other places, and even in churches in this country, with happy results. Bo not let him with a little prudence show less love for the children that attend the parchial schools: on the contrary, stronger marks of loving solicitude are to be shown them. The Sunday school and the hour for catechism should be devoted to them in a special manner. And to cultivate this field let the pastor call to his aid other priests, even suitable members of the laiety, in order that what is supremely necessary may be wanting in no child.

Bishop Bonacum's Case.

. Rishop Bonacum's Case. The hearing of the charges preferred by

several priests of the Catholic diocese of Lincoln against Bishop Bonacum was concluded by Mgr. Satolli at the Episcopai residence in this city yesterday. Tuesday, the first day of the hearing, was devoted largely to preliminaries, the presentation of proofs being deferred until yesterday, owing to the non-arrival of Bishop Bonacum.

The principal charges against the bishop were incompetency untruthfulness and

were incompetency, untruthfulness and tyratiny, and were signed by Fathers Cor-bett, Crowley, Kuppenberg and Murphy. The documentary proofs submitted by the complainants are said by parties in position to know to fully sustain the charges. Color

is given to this view by the inexplicable action of Bishop Bonacum in delaying to the last moment his appearance before the delegate. Three requests were sent to him, the last being in the nature of a command.

last being in the nature of a command.

Two modes of proceedure were open to the complainants—an ecclesiastic court-martial by the bishops of the province or an extra judicial trial by Mgr. Satolli. The latter mode was chosen. The oral testimony and documentary proofs were then submitted to the court, and the decision reserved. Pending the final disposition of the case, Mgr. Satolli has practically taken the complain-Satolli has practically taken the complaining priests under his immediate protection. Bishop Bonacum is prohibited from in any manner interfering with them in the performance of their duties. Fathers Turgeon and Fitzgerald are included in the exemption. The priests are required to show and tion. The priests are required to show and express due respect and reverence for the bishop, and the bishop is required to observe the law as to avoiding debt.

### He May Be Removed.

Many rumors have been given currency by interested parties via St. Louis for the evident purpose of prejudicing the public mind against the bishop of Lincoln. The case made outagainst him is uncoubtedly a strong one, but there is no warrant for rendering independing a property to dister an exjudgment in advance merely to flatter an ec clesinstical lawyer. No decision has been ren dered by the court, nor is one likely to be for two months or more. It is said by unbiased priests that the removal of Bishop Bonacum is very probable. It is even stated that he has been informed that his resignation would be acceptable; that the main obstacle to rebe acceptable; that the main obstacle to re-moval is to find a place for him, and that Mgr. Satolli has written to the propaganda stating that removal of the bishop is the only remedy. All these reports may or may not be true. It is reasonably certain, how-ever, that no one outside the court knows

what the final outcome will be.

The papal secretaries returned to Washington last evening, taking all the papers in the case. Mgr. Satolii and Dr. O'Gorman departed on the evening train for St. Paul. There they will be joined by Archbishop Ireland, and proceed on a tour of the north-west and the Pacific coast cities, returning to Washington in about six weeks.

The visiting priests have departed for home, satisfied with the results of the trial,

and peace will reign supreme in the Lincoln diocese henceforward.

### ATLEE HART SENTENCED.

Nebraska Politician and His Companion Will Serve the State. LEMARS, Ia., June 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The motions for a new trial in the cases of Atlee Hart and J. L. Lewis

were overruled today and each of the de-

fendants sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Court adjourned today after being in session seven weeks, during which time six convicts were sentenced to the penitentiary for terms ranging from one to twenty years.

Disappointed in Love. OTTUMWA, Ia., June 21 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—Harry Morgan, a prominent young man of this city employed by H. M. Cockrill, wholesale confectioner, drowned himself this morning because his sweetheart. Miss Ella Black did not reciprocate his love. He quarreled with her and told her he would take his own life and on her responding that she did not care went home and told his mother that he was going out in the river in a boat, shoot himself and drop but at 4:30 he walked to the bank and cooly cast himself in. He left a pitiful letter bid-ding his mother goodby and denouncing

### Miss Black. The body has not been found Organized Gang of Robbers.

OTTUMWA, In., June 21 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-A big sensation developed here today. Three boys who were arrested for robbing a freight car in the Q and Rock Island vards told the officers of an organized gang of thirty or forty boys and young men who have been committing these depreda-tions for several months, stowing away their nunder in a cave just outside the city ars in this way and the inability of their detectives to capture these depredators is now explained by the fact that it is alleged that a number of prominent employes of both companies are members of the gang. Arrests are being made.

Furniture Dealers Meet

DES MOINES, June 21 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ] - About twenty representative retail furniture dealers of this state met in this city today to organize a state association. J. B. McCurdy of Oskaloosa, state organizer, presided, and the delegates were welcomed to the city by Hon. Lafe Young on behalf of the Commercial exchange. Mr. McCurdy responded, following which committees were appointed and a report was submitted by C. S. Hopkins of the National Retail Furniture Dealers association. Carriage rides about the city were had this afternoon. The meeting will be concluded tomorrow.

Duniap Firm Assigns. DUNLAP, In., June 21.—[Special Telegram to The Beg.]—The firm of Lyman & Smith, one of the reputable houses of Dunlap, made a voluntary assignment this morning. R. B. Hillas, the principal creditor, of Chattanoga. Tenn., has been appointed assignee. The assets are sufficient to meet all liabili-

# ties. The firm will probably resume busi-

Injured by Lightning. Elbora, Ia., June 21.—One of the buildings at the Industrial Reform school was struck by lightning today. Mrs. Leonard, a teacher, and fourteen immates were knocked down and one dangerously hurt. The end of the building was badly wrecked.

Wedded at Waterloo. Das Moines, June 21. - [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ] Judge Carl Couch of Water-

# loo, law partner of Governor Beies and a leading democratic politician, was married today to Miss Laura Putnam of Waterloo.

Wedded in Central America. Sr. Louis, June 21.-A dispatch from the City of Mexico says: A telegram has been received here announcing the marriage of Miss Ida Dent Wright, daughter of Mrs. Marie Robinson Wright, a well known newspaper writer of New York, to General Antonio Ezeta, brother of the president of Saivador. Ezeta is vice president of the re-public of Salvador and acting president during the temporary absence of his brother, President Carlos Ezeta.

brother, President Carios Ezeta.

Mrs. Wright went to Central America a few months ago on a literary mission. Her anughter graduated from Vassar last year and accompanied her mother to Central

Grand Lodge of Etks. DETROIT, Mich., June 21 .- The secret meeting of the Elks grand lodge was resumed this morning and was occupied chiefly with routine business, the most interesting thing being the reinstatement of Richard R. St. Clair of Holseken, one of the founders of the

order.
The grand lodge voted to issue charters to twenty of the twenty-three lodges instituted during the past year.

The files and their ladies this evening proceeded to Mount Clemens, where the citizens entertained them.

Buffalo Bankers Burst.

BUFFALO, June 21 .- H. C. Tucker & Co. private bankers, closed their doors this morning. Figures cannot be obtained.

# TO ABOLISH LAND OFFICES

Alarming Information for Aspiring Democrats of the West-

### SEVERAL APPOINTMENTS TO BE POSTPONED

Reduced Appropriation Renders Retrenchment on the Part of the Department Necessary-How the Consolidations Will Be Made.

# WASHINGTON BUREAU OF THE BEE.

513 FOURTEENTH STREET, WASHINGTON, June 21. Land Commissioner Lamoreaux has practically agreed upon a plan of consolidating quite a number of the land offices throughout the northwest. He is forced by a lack of appropriation to cut down the expenses of his bureau. This consolidation will abolish a number of good places which aspiring democrats have had their eyes upon for some time, and will prove a great disap-

pointment to the faithful. No changes will

be made, it is said, in the existing order of

be made, it is said, in the existing order of things in North Dakota or Iowa. The commissioner has practically agreed, however, to order the following consolidations: The Bloomington, Neb., office, in which there is not now an acre of public land belonging to the government, will be merged into the Grand Island office. The Taylor Falls, Minn., office with 101,518 acres of public lands will be consolidated with St. Cloud. Yankton, S. D., with 10,720 acres of public domain will be consolidated with the Mitchell office. Bozeman, Mont., with 2,030,742 acres of public land will be consolidated with the two offices at Helena and Lewiston, each taking about one-half of the Bozeman district. The Menaha, Wis., office with 54,400 acres will be placed under the jurisdiction of the Wausau office.

diction of the Whusau office.

While these changes have not as yet been ordered Commissioner Lamoreaux said today that the order making the consolidations noted above as well as some others would be issued very soon.

### General Colby Resigns.

Assistant Attorney General Colby of Beatrice today resigned, and his successor was appointed. General Colby was succeeded by Charles B. Howry of Mississippi. General Colby's last official act of any consequence was to conduct the recent inquiry into alleged irregularities in the weather bureau. His conduct of this inquiry was most forceful, and his report on the subject was an able paper. Mr. Colby says he has yet made no definite plans for the future, and is undetermined as to whether he will return to Nebraska or resume the practice of his profession in the east.

### News for the Army. The following army orders were issued

Leave of absence for three months to take effect upon being relieved from duty with the Eleventh infantry, is granted Major William H. Bisbee, Seventeenth in-

First Lieutenant Charles B. Wheeler, ordinance department, is relieved from temporary duty with the ordnance exhibit at
the World's Columbian exposition, Chicago,
take effect July 1, 1893, and then will report
to the Sandy Hook proving ground. New
Jersey, for duty at that post with station at
New York City.

Leave of absence for three months to take
effect on being relieved from duty at Fort
McIntosh, Tex., granted First Lieutenant
Jesse Carter, Fifth cavalry, June 9, extended
fifteen days.

Leave of absence for three months on surgeon's certificate of disability is granted First Lieutenant Charles B. Wheeler, ord-

geon's certificate of disability is granted First Lieutenant George A. Sinn, corps of

### Western Pensions. The following pensions granted are reported: Nebraska: Original widows, etc.-Martha Colerick (mother), Elizabeth Moore, Rachel

Michael.
Jowa: Originai—John M. Rachford, George W. Stevens, W. A. Reineke, James P. Poole. Increase—Ebenezer Caldwell. Reissue and increase—William Tiffin. Original widows, etc.—Samantha J. Wood, Edward B. Randall (father). Margaret McNeil, Sarah Reque, Isaac Nation (father). Sarah L. Krause, Jane Garrett, Margaret Wolf, minors of Joseph B. Atherton, Harriet M. Rachford, Josephine S. Garretson.
South Dakota: Originai—Conrad Oertli.

# Miscellaneous.

S. V. Pitcher of Nebraska was today appointed a cierk in the Indian agency at Rushville, Neb. Rushville, Neb.
John, T. Ogicsby has been appointed a shipping clerk at Balantine, Neb.
Commissioner of Patents Lochren today decapitated twenty-eight republicans. The men with whose services the commissioner today dispensed were all special examiners in the field. They were stationed in various parts of the country. In the list there were no Nebraskans, though the lightning struck close, hitting two Iowans. Andrew Down-

ing and N. A. Lowrey are on the list accredited to Iowa.
Assistant Secretary Sims today affirmed the decision of the land commissioner in the case of Bennett R. Woods. Woods, it ap-pears, appealed from the commissioner's decision rejecting his application to make a second homestead entry under the second section of the act of March 2, 1882. The application embraced an entry in the Valer tine district. P. S. H.

# GOLD RETURNING.

# Shipments Now Being Made from England

to the United States.

Washington, June 21.—United States
Treasurer Morgan today received a cablegram from London, stating that Baring, Magoun & Co. of New York and London, had shipped \$900,000 in gold. This is the first gold in considerable quantity shipped to the United States during the present stringency For the past three weeks no gold has been exported from New York to Europe. As a consequence, the treasury has been gaining

gold, the net gold balance today standing at \$94,000,410.

In the building up of this gold the Treasury d partment has received nearly \$4,000,-000 gold certificates, the amount outstanding

today being \$98,070,000, against \$104,000,000 on the 1st of June.

While the receipts and expenditures of the Treasury department have kept about even during the month the stated balances today is \$20,140,120. Of this amount \$14,-000,000 is in subsidiary coin and \$11,920,000 in national bank depositories. The statement shows that the treasury is provided ment shows that the treasury is provided with a good working treasury balance, so much so, indeed, that it is possible that the department will anticipate quarterly interest due July 1 on the United States 4 per cent bonds and pay this interest next week. Treasurer Morgan says he is in good condition to do this and awaits the direction of Secretary Carlisle to send out the interest checks. Many of these are now due, and should Mr. Carlisle decide to anticipate the should Mr. Carlisle decide to anticipate the July interest most of the checks should be prepared and entered next week. The object in anticipating the interest, which, in point of fact, would be less than ten days,

### would be to relieve the money market. Internal Revenue Receipts.

Washington, June 21 .- A statement prepared by Miller, commissioner of internal revenue, shows that the collections of in ternal revenue for eleven months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$145,682,890, an increase over the corresponding period of the last fiscal year of \$7,457,403.

Chil.'s New Minister. Washington, June 21.-Senor Gana. Chilian minister, was formally presented to the president by the secretary of state this afternoon.

To Relieve the Monetary Situation. Washington, June 21 .- With a view to relieving the monetary stringency the secretary of the treasury has authorized the Louis, \$1 discount.

treasurer of the United States to anticipate the payment of July interest. Checks will be sent out on Monday.

# Drapped from the Rolls.

WASHINGTON, June 21 .- Upon recommendation of Commissioner Lochren of the pension office, Secretary Smith today dropped from the rolls of the pension office the names of the rolls of the pension office the names of twenty-eight special examiners now in the field, the terms of their one-year appoint-ments having expired. All the special examiners dropped are republicans and of the ninety special examiners still retained on the rolls sixty are republicans and thirty democrats. Among those dropped are: Joseph F. Allison and J. A. Buchanat. of Illinois, Nathaniel E. Lowrey and S. W. McEldery of Iowa.

Life Savers Rewarded. Washington, June 21.-Secretary Carlisle has awarded a silver life saving medal to Edward F. Weise of Milwaukee, Wis., for rescuing a man from drowning in the Mil-waukee river in August, 1890. He also awarded a silver life saving medal to Martin Knudson, keeper of Pilot Island lighthouse, Wis., for assisting in saving the lives of ten men and one woman from the shipwrecked schooner, A. P. Nichels, October, 1892.

Haven't Heard of the Raid. Washington, June 21 .- Neither the War nor the Interior department have received any advices from the Cheyenne Indian agencies relative to the reported troubles there between indians and troops from Fort

### SEARCHING FOR TRACY'S BODY. Four Hundred Wyoming Citizens Dragging

the Big Laramie. LARAMIE, Wyo., June 21.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—Nearly all of the busi-

ness houses of this city were closed this afternoon and the business men, clerks, employes and citizens generally, constituted a searching party to drag the Big Laramie searching party to drag the Big Laramie river for the remains of young Redney Tracy, who was drowned inst Saturday. Between 300 and 400 persons joined the party and have been at work along the river all the afternoon endeavoring to recover the body, but were unsuccessful. The closing of the business houses and the assistance rendered by citizens was in compliance with a resolution passed by the city council last evening and a published request upon the part of Mayor Manasse yesterday. It is four days since the drowning occurred and the river has been dragged and seined for miles without endeaver. dragged and seined for miles without en-countering the body. The water is very high and it is the opinion of some that the body has been carried far away by the swift current, while others believe it lies buried beneath the quicksand in some deep spot.

### Shot at a Succepherder. CASPER, Wyo., June 21 .- [Special Telegram

to THE BEE. ]-Today William Tasswell, in the employ of Senator F. A. Sparhawk, one of the large operators in the new gold fields here, in a controversy over a location shot at a sheepherder whom he thought was trying to jump his claim. Tasswell at present holds the claim and a sheriff's posse is trying to dislodge him.

### SOUTH DAKOTA'S NEW RAILROAD.

First Train Will Be Sent Over the South-

eastern in September.
Sioux Falls, S. D., June 21.—[Special to THE BEE ]-Jacob Schaetzel, agent for the Sioux Falls, Yankton & Southeastern rail road, has just returned from a tour of inspection along the line. He reported today that the work of laying from would begin within a few days. Nearly every rod of the line is covered with teams at work on the grade and all of the heavy work is done. It is just the leveling of the grade that is nec-essary to render the road ready for the iron. The first invoice of iron rails is expected to arrive daily. One of the contractors told THE BEE representative last evening that ing of the work and that his men been obliged to wait more than three days over pay day for their money. He also said the first train would be sent over the road

not later than the first week in September. Pledmont Postoffice Burned. PIEDMONT, S. D., June 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.] -- The city hall at this place caught fire this morning about 2 o'clock and before the flames could be checked the hall and postoffice adjoining were destroyed. All the important mail was saved. There was no insurance on either building. The

### total loss is about \$2,000. DAMAGING KEARNEY FIRE.

# Four Hundred Tons of Straw Destroyed at

the Paper Mill. KEARNEY, June 21 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-During the noon hour today sparks from the smokestack of the paper mill set the huge straw stacks on fire and in a few minutes 400 tons of straw were blazing flercely. The straw had been piled quite a distance from the mill and the building was not injured. Only half the straw on the grounds was burned, but it is feared the wind will blow the sparks into the other stacks. Mr. Barnheisel, proprietor of the mill, is now in the east, but his son, who is now managing the business, estimates the loss at \$2,000. There was no insurance on the material burned.

Nuckells County Institute. NELSON, Neb., June 21 .- [Special to THE BEE. |-This is the first week of the Nuckolls county institute. It started with an enrollment of ninety, ladies being in the majority. Profs. Chatburn, Hedgewick and Dusenbery, with Superintendent Thomas, are instructors. State Superintendent Goudy delivered a lecture this evening, the subject being "The School System of Nebraska." The address was well received. He expressed himself as well pleased with the interest manifested and work done in the

# ROBBED THE DEAD.

### Flendish Work of Chouls at the Parkville Railroad Accident.

NEW YORK, June 21 .- Although no victims of yesterday's railroad disaster at Parkville, L. I., have died. Andrew Bartholomew is not expected to recover. Other injured men are reported as doing well and will recover. It appears that some of the victims of the accident were robbed, and one body, that of
Judge Quimby, of Uticta, N. Y., who had
\$5,000 in his possession has entirely disappeared. Quimby was seen lying in an express wagon and a doctor with an ambulance
offered to take him, but a man in the wagon
said he was a doctor and was going to take said he was a doctor and was going to take Quimby to the Norwegian hospital. He never arrived there and the coroner is try-ing to find the body. William B. Hutchin-son, of Chicago, who was killed, had several thousand dollars in his possession, but when the ned year-heal the marging only \$1.25 was the body reached the morgue only \$1.25 was

# Train Dispatchers.

SALT LAKE, June 21 .- At today's session of the Dispatchers' association the report of the executive committee was read and showed's total increase of 154 members. A good balance in the treasury is also shown. The committee on train rules submitted a re-port, recommending several changes in the

### Salt Lake Firm Fails. SALT LAKE, June 21.—[Special Telegram to The Bee.]—The Utah Ciothing Manufacturing company, one of the largest concerns of the kind in the territory, was closed today by creditors. The capital stock of the firm is \$200,000. No statement has

New York Exchange Quotations. New York, June 21 .- [Special Telegran to THE BEE. ]-Exchange was quoted as follows today: Chicago, 80 cents discount; Boston, 17 cents to 25 cents discount; St.

Ringling Brothers' Circus Tent Struck While Crowded with People.

SEVEN VICTIMS OF THE SUBTLE FLUID

Death Was Instantaneous in Almost Every Case-Many Others Were Badly Burned and Shocked-A List of the Dead and Injured.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 21 .- A Tribune special from River Falls, Wis., says: At 4 o'clock this afternoon the circus tent of Ringling Bros. was struck by lightning while crowded with people. The performance was not quite over, but the terrible storm caused the immense throng to crowd outside of the tent. While many of the people were outside the tent was struck twice by lightning. Fire resulted, but it was extinguished. Seven were killed instantly and a few more were injured, and the balance were

temporarily paralyzed by the shock. The scene of the fatality surpasses description, when men and women surged toward the scene, and it was only by the exercise of rare presence of mind by the Messrs. Ringling that they prevented further serious trouble. They did everything possible to alleviate the sufferings of the injured. Rough canvasmen, stakemen and all attendants vied with each other in rendering aid to the wounded. Stretchers were placed on four full grown men, and as the injured and dead were carried out they were recognized as follows:

### List of the Dead.

O. A. DEAN. EUGENE REYNOLDS. A 14-YEAR-OLD SON of CURTIS AL-DRIDGE. A. CLENDININ, married, a clerk of Oak PARK GRAVES of Cliftontown. TWELVE-YEAR-OLD SON of WALLACE

MITH. TWELVE-YEAR-OLD SON of J. A. CLEN-MRS. CLENDENIN and another son are seriously injured.

PATRICK COLLINS, a farmer, unmarried, was seriously injured, and is now at the

nospital.

Two Strangers, supposed to be railroad graders, are at the hospital, badly injured.

Jay E. Loucks, proprietor of the Gladstone hotel, was passing through the tent with his wife, three neices and one child when the storm came. Loucks was not seriously injured. Mrs. Loucks arm was hurt, a man who was killed falling against her.

The bodies of the dead were taken to the village engine house. Some of the bodies nospital.

village engine house. Some of the bodies were badly scorched, but the majority presented no external evidence of the shock. Death was absolutely painless in all cases except that of young Dean.

Seriously Burned. Six men carried the paralyzed form of a young man named Lewis Rossisus, whose face and breast were terribly burned and whose lower extremittes were paralyzed. At a late hour he had recovered consciousness and was receiving every care from a nurse. With great difficulty he managed to tell that he was a laboring man and that his relatives lived near Spring Valley, Minn. While he is partially benumbed he is not fatally injured.

Mrs. Clendenin has recovered conscious-ness, but the fact of her husband's and son's death has been kept from her. She thinks they have gone home to attend to the chores. She will receive a sad awakening tomorrow. None of the circus people were injured. Destructive Missouri Cyc'one.

### ST. Joseph, Mo., June 21.-A destructiv cyclone passed just south of this city late this afternoon. At Lade Contrary, a summer resort, several houses were destroyed and growing crops badly damaged. The cy tore down and destroyed nearly all the stables of the Lake Park Driving club. Reports of a fearful storm in Polk, Nodaway and Atchison counties.

### Fatal Missouri Storms. STANBERRY, Mo., June 21 .- A terrific wind, rain and hall storm struck here at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Much damage was done to buildings and other property. Judge Mas-ton's house was struck by lightning and burned. William Cummins, a farmer five

miles south of the city, was instantly killed. Three members of the Joyless family were Big Book Bindery on Fire. NEW YORK, June 21.—The large book bindery of J. W. Alexander, on the corner of Eighteenth street and Sixth avenue, is on fire. Three hundred girls are employed in the building. A call for ambulances has been made and it is rumored that some of the girls have lost their lives in jumping

### from the windows. ANXIOUS TO SEE THE CONBOYS

Hundreds of Iowa Citizens Congregate at

Galva to Greet the Racers.
Galva, Ia., June 21.— Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-The excitement here has been intense. All day yesterday people were driving in from all the surrounding country and neighboring towns and the streets presented an animated scene. There were people here who came from places thirty-five miles away to see the arrival of the cowboy racers. Flags were flying and night was made hideous by firing of anviss. People walked the streets until a late hour and then

had to give it up for the night. When Gillespie and Stevens rode in from Holstein this morning and registered at 6:45, few people were on the streets to see them. They rode up to a livery bara and fed their horses and then took breakfast. Berry rode from Correctionville this morning, as riving here at 7:45. The horses are in a shape and their condition is satisfactory Agent Tatro. The three left Galva for Fort Dodge at 10:20 and 10:30, Berry being first out, Jones, Albright and Smith are expected this forenoon.

### FORT DODGE, Ia., June 21.—[Special Telegram to THE BEE.]—The racing Nebraska cowboys did not arrive here on schedule time tonight. The three leaders were expected to register at about 7 o'clock this evening. They encountered heavy showers and were forced to put up for the night at Pomery, twenty-five miles west of here. They will probably register here about noon

### CHICAGO, June 21 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-A table of paid admissions to the fair since the opening May 1, including today, shows the total attendance to have been 8,243,879, as follows: First week, May 1 to 6. \*Second week, May 7 to 18. \*Third week, May 14 to 20. \*Fourth week, May 21 to 27. Fifth week, May 25 to June 3.

Total for May June 20 June 21 \* The fuir was closed sunday

Another Cut in Passenger Rutes.

Sr. Paul, June 21.—The Great Northern cuts the present low rates \$10 on first class been given out yet as to the amount of liaand \$8 on second class. On the 14th inst. rates were established by this company to take effect June 18. The continuance of conditions under which this traffic reduction was made means a further reduction of rates to Pacific coast points on the following basis:

From eastern terminals to north Pacific coast, first class, \$25; second class, \$18.

First class rate named above will apply in

# both directions, the second class rate west-bound only; these rates to apply for con-tinuous passage tickets.

# PERU DISTURBED.

Indications that a Revolution Will Be Started Shortly.

(Copyrighted 1831 by James Gordon Benne2.1 Lama, Peru, (via Galveston, Tex.), June 21.—[By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE. |-Dr. Barriaga, whose newspaper office was attacked by a mob composed of the supporters of Caceres. the official and military candidate for president, has been fined 400 soles and a like fine was assessed against the newspaper itself for alleged violations of law in the publi

cation of certain articles. Dr. Barriaga has been arrested and imprisoned because he refuses to pay the fine. This action of the government has aroused the indignation of the independent press, which announces the arrest of Barriaga as an attempt to prevent a free discussion of the political situation. It is said to be one more cause for open revolution.

Ignorance of the whereabouts of General Pierola the exiled ex-dictator who is the candidate of the Curl democrats for president, is causing the government officials uneasiness. They fear he may land somewhere in Peru and open a revolution by leading a march toward the capital. No one would be surprised should the announcement come at any time that Pierola had landed and that a revolution had started. The government is made still more uneasy by the report that Peru is about to be invaded by Bolivian soldiers. Routed the Rebels.

### Valparaiso, Chill. (via Gaiveston, Tex.), June 21 .- [By Mexican Cable to the New

York Heralu-Special to THE BEE.]-From Artigas the Herald correspondent telegraphs that General Lima's army has thoroughly routed General Saraiva's revolutionary forces. Saraiva's army was composed of 900 men. They were unprepared for the assault of the government troops and fled without making nuch resistance. They are now at Dom Pedrito. Lima was unable to pursue them because he had no horses. A large body of revolutionists is now being massed along the Uruguayan frontier. They will invade Rio Grande do Sul as soon as they receive orders to advance.

The Herald's correspondent at Montevideo telegraphs that Wandelkolk, the Brazilian admiral who has been formally declared a traitor on account of his sympathy for the revolutionists, has escaped from Argentina and now is in Uruguay trying to avoid ar-It is predicted by the Herald's correspond-

ent in Buenos Ayres that all the members of

the Argentine cabinet will resign before the end of the week. QUIETO, Ecuador, (via Galveston, Tex.) June 21 .- [By Mexican Cable to the New York Herald-Special to THE BEE.]-Some of the newspapers of Ecuador and Chill, with a view of forcing the government of Peru to agree to a satisfactory fixing of the boundary line between Peru and Ecuador,

### Indian tribes is due to Peravian influence. KANSAS MINERS,

### Attempts Being Made to Settle Differences Between Them and Operators.

are reserting that the outbreak among the

PITTSBURG, Kan., June 21.-A final attempt is being made this evening to settle the miners' strike. Committees from the strikers and mine owners met at 7 o'clock party made final propositions. The proposition from the operators is to be 50 cents per ton on yearly contracts, or pay on the old basis for lump coal, only weighing on top and bottom, guaranteeing 6 cents per ton more than they were getting before. It can-not be learned what the miners propose. It is generally thought that if a settlement is

not reached today, the operators will ship negroes in and put them to work. - Many of the striking miners are now destitute and the aid they have been receiving from the business men will soon be shut off. A number of them have signified their intention of going to work immediately if set-tlement is not reached at once.

A special meeting has been held by the United Smelters of America for the purpose of discussing the questions involved and, it

### is understood, that a cut will be made in their wages if a settlement is not made of the troubles at once. Address by President Walters. Higginsville, Mo., June 21. - President H. Walters arrived here last night from Camden. He addressed a mass meeting in Camden Monday at 3 o'clock. The miners of that place elected a delegate to attend the state convention and they will stand by the Kansas miners. Walters addressed a meeting of the Higginsville miners here last

### night and the men elected a delegate to at-tend the convention and support the Kansas miners. VERAGUA RETURNS THANKS.

# He Writes a Pleasing Letter to Secretary

Gresham-Tae Reply.

The duke alludes to the fact that only once before has this country honored a citizen of another country, and rejoices in the way his name has been linked with that of Larayette. He pays tribute and admiration to the general progress and prosperity of the United States and for the intelligence, enterprise and patriotism of the people. He commends the exposition at Chicago as the greatest triumph of the civilization of the nineteenth century, and tenders to the exposition officials his heartiest congratula-

tions and thanks.

In conclusion the duke requests Secretary Gresham to express to the president his regret for his inability to offer thanks in person and pay a farewell visit of respect to Secretary Gresham, in replying said: "The gratification which the government and the people of the United States justly felt at being enabled to welcome as the guest of the nation, one whose name and blood today represents the great annual to whose per-

represents the great admiral to whose per-severance and dauntless faith the discovery of our new world is due, found fitting ex-pression in the cordial welcome extended to

you, and your visit to our shores will ever remain prominently associated with the Columbian commemoration now in progress. Over a Hundred Families Homeless FREDERICKTON, N. B., June 21.-Eighty wellings, six stores, two churches, the rail way station and round house burned in the village of Gibson yesterday afternoon. One hundred and thirty families are homeless.

# Loss, \$2,000,000; insurance, light.

CHICAGO, June 21 .- This evening at the Second regiment armory the Hibernian Rifles, commanded by Colonel F. T. Colby. ment. It consists of eight companies of fifty were mustered into the state guards. The will be known hereafter as the Seventh regi three men each.

### CHICAGO, June 21 .- The Elisworth Pack ing and Provision company has assigned.

California's Big-Hearted Millionaire Joins the Silent Majority.

BRIEF HISTORY OF HIS LIFE AND DEEDS

### His Contributions Toward the Promotion of Education and Charity - His Call, Though Sudden, Was Not Unex-

preted-Found Dead in His Bed,

MENLO PARK, Cal., June 21.-United States Senator Leland Stanford died at his residence, Palo Alto, at midnight. He passed away peacefully. He was in best of spirits yesterday, driving around his stock farm, seemingly as well as ever. He retired at 10

p. m. At midnight his valet, going into his room, discovered that he was dead. For some time he had been taking on flesh rapidly, accompanied by apopletic signs. These became so alarming that his physicians prescribed a strict diet of fried hash. meat and hot water as his only food and drink. He seemed better and became very hopeful of final recovery, but inherent weakness unexpectedly manifested itself and he passed away.

### Arrangements for the Funeral.

A profound hush and sadness has settled over the Stanford estate. The body of the senator lies in a bedroom upstairs, a peaceful smile on his face, which is particularly lifelike. Mrs. Stanford, with her brother and niece, Mrs. I. R. Taylor, are still keeping vigil at the bedside. No definite arrangements have yet been made regarding the funeral. It will be from the chapel at the university, probably, on Saturday at 11

The senator retired at 10 o'clock At 1:95 nis old, trusted valet, Edward Larguy, who for some time had visited the senator at different times during the night, went in. Seeing that something was wrong, he gave Seeing that something was wrong, he gave the alarm, first to Mrs. Stanford then to Private Secretary Nash. When Mrs. Stan-ford reached the room her husband had breathed his last. Mr. Nash at once sent for the local physician, Dr. Stonard, but there was nothing that could be done.

Telegrams of condolence continue to pour in from all of the late senator's friends, the interest of those connected with the Southern Pacific railroad being particularly pro-fuse. Many clerks of that road have arrived anxious to perform the smallest office, One of them said: "In him we have lost a good friend."

# Disposition of His Property.

The senator's will was drawn up at the time that Palo Alto was built and its contents can only be a matter of conjecture.
Mr. Gage said: "While I have no possible
information regarding the terms of the will, have an idea as to what it is. I spoke with him many times in a confidential way and thereby learned that his paramount ambition was to live long enough to perpetuate the Stanford university, and I am positive that the bulk of his property has been devoted to that noble project. As to the value of his estate, I am unable to give any figures. but it runs from \$4,000,000 to

# \$6,000,000 'It is the expressed view of his late friends

"It is the expressed view of his late friends in the management of his railway property that the death of Senator Stanford will have little effect on the policy of the administration of the affairs of the company."

"I do not anticipate that the death of the senator will have any detrimental effect on our affairs," said one of them, "for since his retirement he has taken very little interest in the corporation's business. He was too engrossed with politics, and gladly let those engrossed with politics, and gladly let those at the helm assume the responsibility. I know nothing of the senator's will and am at sea regarding the disposition he has made of his estate. It matters not that he has of his estate. It matters

# disposed of the control of the interest he had."

Short Biography of the Senator.

Leland Stanford was born in Albany county, New York, March 9, 1824. He received an academical education, entered the law office of Wheaton, Doolittle & Hadley at Albany, in 1846, and after three years' study was admitted to practice law in the supreme court of the state of New York. He removed to Port Washington, in the northern part of the state of New York. He removed to Port Washington, in the northern part of the state of his profession for four years. A fire in the spring of 1852 destroying his law library and other property and he went to California, where he became associated in business with his brothers, three of whom had preceded him to the Pacific coast. He was at first in business at Michigan Bluffs, and in 1850 removed to Sacramento to engage in mercantile pursuits on a large scale. He was a delegate to the untional republican convention at Chicago in 1860; was elected governor of California, and served from December, 1861, to Docember, 1863. As president of the Central Pacific Rallroad company he superintended its construction over the mountains, building 530 miles of it in 293 days. He was interested in other railroads on the Pacific slope, in agriculture and in manufactures. He was elected to the United States senate as a republican in the place of J. T. Farley, democrat, in 1884, and re-elected in 1890. His term of service would have expired March 3, 1897. He also founded Leland Stanford university, the leading educational institution on the coast. Short Biography of the Senator.

Heard by His Friends. The first tidings of Senator Stanford's death which reached the outside world were sent by the Associated Press correspondent from the little town of Menlo a few minutes after ne had breathed his last. Owing to the meager facilities it was impossible to obtain details last night. The friends of Senator Stanford received the sad news

New York, June 21.—The duke of Veragua has written a letter to Secretary Gresham, taking leave of the government and asking that the profound and sincere gratitude of his family and himself for the honor and hospitality extended to them be conveyed to the congress and the people of the United States.

Senator Stanford received the sad news through the papers.

At 4a m a special train bearing Charles Lathrop, Mrs. Stanford's brother, left San Francisco, arriving here at 5:36. A carriage awaited him and he drove rapidly to the Stanford received the sad news through the papers.

At 4a m a special train bearing Charles Lathrop, Mrs. Stanford received the sad news through the papers.

At 4a m a special train bearing Charles Lathrop, Mrs. Stanford received the sad news through the papers. cials and those who had been intimately associated with the senator and his affairs. Mr. Huntington said, in reply to an inquiry, that since the senator's prior attacks in Washington his death has been a proba-Washington his death has been a probability. Though it was thought by all his friends that he might survive for years it was known that he would never again re sume his activity in railroad affairs, and it was known that he would resign his seat in

### the United States senate unless the repub-lican party needed him. His Washington Life.

Washington, June 21.—Senator and Mrs. Stanford's life in this city was naturally a very prominent one. They came here eight years ago, when the shadow of their great grief over the loss of their only child, Leland Stanford, jr., which had occurred two years proviously was still over them. Stanford, jr., which had occurred two years previously, was still over them. During the first of their stay in this city the Stanfords occupied the old Johnson annex of the Arlington. Subsequently they leased the house at 1101 K street and made improvements in it. After Mrs. Stanford laid aside her deep mourning, she entertained every wister in the most claborate style. Her dinners, were always notable events and. ners were always notable events and, perhaps no banquet in this city has ever exceeded the elegance of the dinner given in honor of President and Mrs. Harri-son. While nothing was spared on these special occasions to do honor to the distinguished guests, the preparations made by Mrs. Stanford each winter were no less marked. The humblest visitor would be as welcome as the most favored and the re-sources of the establishment was at the pleasure of the great throng. Senator Stanford made it a rule to get home from the senate early in these days and took interest in seeing the crowds of strangers as was commensurate with his position. The people of the city admired him.

ple of the city admired him.

Of Senator Stanford's magnificent gifts in the cause of education and his constant responses to all claims of charity, the public aircady knows. Hundreds of thousands of collars were freely bestowed, but none know of his gifts by being told by him.

Two More Los Angeles Banks Pall. Los ANGELES, June 21 .- The Southern Cali-

formia National bank and the Los Augeles National bank failed this morning.